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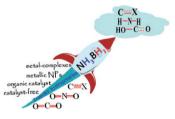
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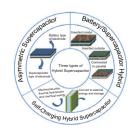
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porane as hydrogen donor is an attractive synthesis strategy. This	
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borane-initiated hydrogenation reactions, and discuss opportunities and challenges for further promotion of development.



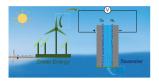
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Three types of hybrid devices based on supercapacitors and their ways of hybridization. The hybrid supercapacitors have great application potential for future energy storage system for portable electronics, wearable devices and implantable device.



Strategic comparison of membrane-assisted and membrane-less water electrolyzers and their potential application in direct seawater splitting (DSS)

Concentration gradients can potentially be utilised in a membrane-less microfluidic system for direct seawater splitting (DSS) that can avoid the adverse effect posed by seawater impurities.



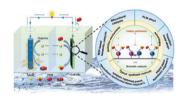
An in-depth understanding of improvement strategies and corresponding characterizations towards Zn anode in aqueous Zn-ions batteries

The typical improvement strategies of Zn metal anodes including interphase design, substrate design, and bulk design, as well as the advanced characterization methods utilized to demonstrate the availability of modified strategies are summarized systematically.



Bimetallic catalysts as electrocatalytic cathode materials for the oxygen reduction reaction in microbial fuel cell: A review

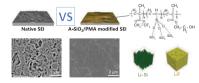
The progress in bimetallic ORR catalysts, including reaction mechanisms, advantages, typical synthesis methods, applications in MFC for energy-efficient wastewater treatment, present challenges and future perspectives, is summarized. Overall, bimetallic ORR catalysts are electrocatalysts with developmental potential.



Research papers

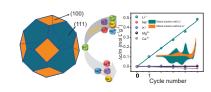
Nano silica aerogel-induced formation of an organic/alloy biphasic interfacial layer enables construction of stable high-energy lithium metal batteries

We reported a high conductive hybrid film to induce biphasic interface layer by crosslinking nano silica aerogel, which designed a stable lithium anode. When coupled with NCM811 and S cathodes, the batteries achieve outstanding electrochemical performance.



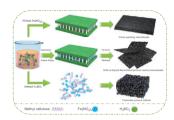
Construction of truncated-octahedral LiMn₂O₄ for battery-like electrochemical lithium recovery from brine

A novel truncated-octahedral LiMn₂O₄ electrode was constructed, which solved the problem that LiMn₂O₄ electrode could not obtain high cycle stability and high adsorption performance simultaneously in the process of lithium extraction from salt-lake.



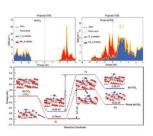
All-cellulose-based quasi-solid-state supercapacitor with nitrogen and boron dual-doped carbon electrodes exhibiting high energy density and excellent cyclic stability

N, B co-doped carbon nanosheets (NBC) are obtained through the dual-template assisted approach by using methyl cellulose as the precursor. Due to the synergistic effects form the high surface area, N/B dual doping, and a high degree of graphitization, the obtained NBC delivers a superior electrochemical performance.



Robust photo-assisted removal of NO at room temperature: Experimental and density functional theory calculation with optical carrier

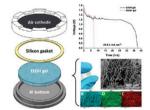
Low temperature catalysts have received intensive attention in the field of selective catalytic reduction (SCR) of NO with NH₃. MnTiO_x catalyst exhibited excellent performance towards the photo-SCR (PSCR) of NO with NH₃ at room temperature. The hybridization of Mn and Ti 3d orbitals was significantly enhanced upon light irradiation, so that MnTiO_x catalyst presented excellent electron-hole separation capability for the dissociative adsorption of NH₃ to form NH₂ fragments and H atoms.



Solid-state Al-air battery with an ethanol gel electrolyte

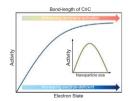
Yifei Wang*, Wending Pan, Kee Wah Leong, Shijing Luo, Xiaolong Zhao, Dennis Y.C. Leung*..... 1117

This work develops an innovative ethanol gel electrolyte for the solid-state Al-air battery for the first time, which can effectively inhibit the Al self-corrosion in conventional aqueous and hydrogel Al-air batteries. Consequently, the battery shelf life and discharge efficiency are significantly improved.



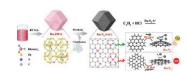
Electron-deficient Cu site catalyzed acetylene hydrochlorination

This work highlights a recent publication by Jia Zhao and Xiaonian Li et, al. regarding to acetylene hydrochlorination. The electron-deficient Cu active site stabilized by pyrrolic-N is constructed, facilitating the substrates activation, which would contribute to vinyl chloride synthesis.



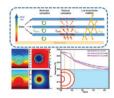
Regulating the coordination environment of Ru single-atom catalysts and unravelling the reaction path of acetylene hydrochlorination

 We have controllably constructed Ru-Nx SACs with different N coordination environment, which was conducive to the structure-performance relationship study and exhibited enhanced catalytic performance compared with traditional carbon-supported RuCl₃ catalyst. This work provided a reference for the design and control of metal active sites.



Smart heat isolator with hollow multishelled structures

A smart heat isolation material has been fabricated by compositing the hollow multishelled structure with temperature-sensitive polymer. Benefiting from the unique multishelled structure, thermal energy is found to be gradually guided into the hollow structure and stored inside.



Oxidation of benzene to phenol with N2O over a hierarchical Fe/ZSM-5 catalyst

The hierarchical Fe/ZSM-5 zeolite catalyst provides high accessibility of Fe-O-Al active sites for the oxidation of benzene to phenol with N₂O, showing superior catalyst activity, stability, and regenerability. The total phenol productivity is estimated at 0.44 ton_{phenol} kg_{catalyst}-1.



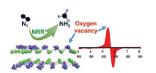
Intercalation assisted liquid phase production of disulfide zirconium nanosheets for efficient electrocatalytic dinitrogen reduction to ammonia

The aliphatic amine intercalation assisted efficient liquid-phase exfoliation strategy is proposed to produce ZrS_2 nanosheets from bulk ZrS_2 powder with the exfoliation yield high up to 27.3% and they have shown high catalytic performance for the electrocatalytic N_2 reaction to NH_3 .



Vacancy engineering of oxidized Nb₂CTx MXenes for a biased nitrogen fixation

Oxygen vacancy induced high-efficiency nitrogen fixation on a Nb₂CTx MXene catalyst.



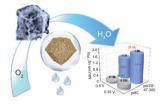
Tuning composite solid-state electrolyte interface to improve the electrochemical performance of lithium-oxygen battery

In order to eliminate the boundary between ceramic particles, increase the amorphous region of polymer and ensure fast ionic transport, succinonitrile is introduced for composite solid-state electrolyte, which enable to achieve a long cycle life of 3000 h of the symmetric battery. Furthermore, the enhanced electrochemical performance of solid-state Li-O₂ batteries based on the composite solid-state electrolyte have been obtained.



Pd nanoparticles embedded in N-Enriched MOF-Derived architectures for efficient oxygen reduction reaction in alkaline media

The zeolitic imidazolate frameworks (ZIF-67) was employed as self-sacrificial precursors to prepare N-doped Co₃O₄ carbon-based materials, which could anchor the Pd nanoparticles. The obtained Pd/ZIF-67 exhibited excellent ORR catalytic performance, high Pd mass activity, and long-term durability.



Breaking the temperature limit of hydrothermal carbonization of lignocellulosic biomass by decoupling temperature and pressure

A decoupled temperature and pressure hydrothermal (DTPH) reaction system was developed to break the temperature limit of the hydrothermal carbonization of lignocellulosic biomass, realizing a low-temperature carbonization at 200 °C.

