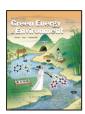
ISSN 2096-2797 E-ISSN 2468-0257 CN 10-1418/TK Volume 8, Issue 1 (2023.2)



Front Cover
See Jianji Wang et al.,
Image reproduced by permission
of Jianji Wang from
Green Energy & Environment



Back Cover

See Zichen Di, Fangqin Cheng et al.,
Image reproduced by permission
of Zichen Di, Fangqin Cheng from
Green Energy & Environment

#### **CONTENTS**

#### Research highlight

Endeavors on the development of efficient and sustainable supported metal catalysts for chemical synthesis on solid-liquid interfaces

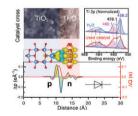
Chao Yang\*, Lifeng Cui\*....

#### **Short communication**

Selective capture of  $Tl_2O$  from flue gas with formation of p-n junction on  $V_2O_5$ -WO<sub>3</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> catalyst under working conditions

Jianjun Chen<sup>1</sup>, Rongqiang Yin<sup>1</sup>, Gongda Chen\*, Junyu Lang, Xiaoping Chen, Xuefeng Chu, Junhua Li\*....

Gaseous  $Tl_2O$  in flue gas can be selectively captured by industrial  $V_2O_5$ -WO<sub>3</sub>/TiO<sub>2</sub> catalyst under working condition.  $Tl_2O$  has significant electron-feeding capacity and easily donate electron to unoccupied orbitals of  $TiO_2$ , leading to inartificial formation of p-n junction on  $TiO_2$  surface.



#### **Review articles**

#### Catalytic conversion of lignocellulosic biomass into chemicals and fuels

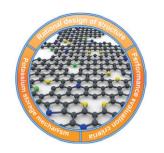
Weiping Deng, Yunchao Feng, Jie Fu, Haiwei Guo, Yong Guo, Buxing Han\*, Zhicheng Jiang, Lingzhao Kong, Changzhi Li, Haichao Liu\*, Phuc T.T. Nguyen, Puning Ren, Feng Wang, Shuai Wang, Yanqin Wang, Ye Wang\*, Sie Shing Wong, Kai Yan, Ning Yan\*, Xiaofei Yang, Yuanbao Zhang, Zhanrong Zhang, Xianhai Zeng, Hui Zhou.

This review focuses on the state-of-the-art catalytic transformation of lignocellulosic biomass into value-added chemicals and fuels. Over 800 references related to catalytic conversion of lignocellulosic biomass are discussed.



# Carbon materials toward efficient potassium storage: Rational design, performance evaluation and potassium storage mechanism

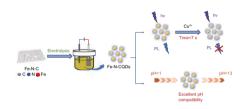
Carbon materials are considered to be the most promising potassium-ion batteries anode materials for their tunable structure, acceptable theoretical specific capacity, low plateau voltage, as well as satisfactory rate capability and cyclability. This review carried out a comprehensive overview of carbon anode in terms of three aspects of rational design of structure, performance evaluation criteria and characterization of potassium storage mechanism.



#### Research papers

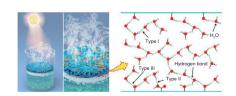
## Electrochemical synthesis of $FeN_x$ doped carbon quantum dots for sensitive detection of $Cu^{2+}$ ion

The FeN<sub>x</sub> structure are reserved integrally in Fe-N-CQDs from Fe-N-C through a simple chemical oxidation method. Fe-N-CQDs-2 exhibits excellent selectivity to Cu<sup>2+</sup>, outstanding pH compatibility and fast response in metal ions detection. Energy level simulation and fluorescence lifetime detection reveal that the LUMO of Fe-N-CQDs are closer to the redox potential of Cu<sup>2+</sup>, leading to the non-radiative recombination between Fe-N-CQDs and Cu<sup>2+</sup>, which quench the fluorescence.



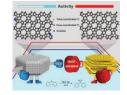
# Poly(ionic liquid)-crosslinked graphene oxide/carbon nanotube membranes as efficient solar steam generators

A flexible, robust graphene oxide/carbon nanotube membrane is faciley prepared by a self-crosslinked PIL under mild conditions, which exhibits a remarkable reduction of water evaporation enthalpy and a high evaporation rate of 1.87 kg m<sup>-2</sup> h<sup>-1</sup> in solar seawater desalination.



#### Titanium-rich TS-1 zeolite for highly efficient oxidative desulfurization

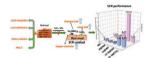
Ti-rich TS-1 zeolite, achieved with tetrabutyl orthotitanate tetramer as the Ti source, demonstrates superior catalytic performance in the oxidation of dibenzothiophene than the conventional Ti-rich TS-1 zeolite prepared by using tetrabutyl orthotitanate.



## Cerium-tungsten oxides supported on activated red mud for the selective catalytic reduction of $NO_{\rm x}$

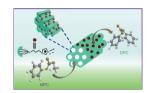
Qiuzhun Chen, Dong Wang\*, Chuan Gao, Bin Wang, Shengli Niu, Gaiju Zhao, Yue Peng, Junhua Li, Chunmei Lu, John Crittenden.....

Red mud waste supported cerium-tungsten oxide possesses adequate Brønsted and Lewis acid sites as well as oxygen vacancies, embodying T90 active window as broad as 219-480 °C.



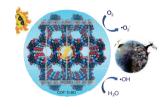
## Ionic liquids-SBA-15 hybrid catalysts for highly efficient and solvent-free synthesis of diphenyl carbonate

Metal-free ionic liquids-SBA-15 hybrid catalysts have been developed for the effective and clean synthesis of diphenyl carbonate under solvent-free condition.



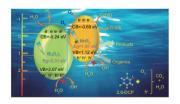
#### Visible-light degradation of azo dyes by imine-linked covalent organic frameworks

Eliminate dyes under sunshine with covalent organic frameworks (COFs): Such a high photodegradation performances to azo dyes comes from the synergetic effect of densely conjugated structure, wide absorbance range, good water dispersibility, and high surface area of imine-linked COFs.



## 3D flower-like mesoporous $Bi_4O_5I_2/MoS_2$ Z-scheme heterojunction with optimized photothermal-photocatalytic performance

3D Flower-Like Hierarchical Mesoporous Bi<sub>4</sub>O<sub>5</sub>I<sub>2</sub>/MoS<sub>2</sub> Z-Scheme Layered Heterojunctions with Broad-Spectrum Response is fabricated via oil bath-hydrothermal strategy, which exhibits excellent photothermal-photocatalytic performance due to formation of Z-scheme layered heterojunctions favoring spatial charge separation, promoted photothermal effect and 3D flower-like hierarchical mesoporous structure providing adequate surface active-sites and facilitating mass transfer.



#### Efficient quantum dot sensitized solar cells via improved loading amount management

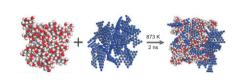
By controlling the times of HTAC assisted depositions, the performance of an optimized QD/nH/QD photoanode with a thin photoanode is close to or slightly lower than that of the thick reference one.



173

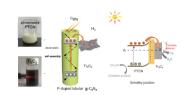
### Scalable solid-phase synthesis of defect-rich graphene for oxygen reduction electrocatalysis

In order to obtain the porous and defective graphene materials with decent ORR performance, herein we investigate glucose-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> systems. Glucose molecules can easily insert into C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> segments with high compatibility, the porous and defective characteristics of graphene are inherited from the rapid decomposition of C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub> in this incorporate system. Highly efficient and low-cost catalysts for ORR is achieved through a green and facile strategy.



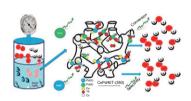
## Self-assembly synthesis of phosphorus-doped tubular g-C<sub>3</sub>N<sub>4</sub>/Ti<sub>3</sub>C<sub>2</sub> MXene Schottky junction for boosting photocatalytic hydrogen evolution

P-doped tubular g- $C_3N_4$  was modified by the few-layered  $Ti_3C_2$  MXene nanosheets via electrostatic self-assembly. The obtained composite exhibited efficient photogenerated charges separation and high hydrogen evolution activity benefiting from the construction of Schottky junction between g- $C_3N_4$  and metallic  $Ti_3C_2$  MXene.



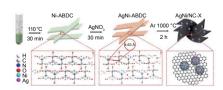
## Direct production of hydrogen peroxide over bimetallic CoPd catalysts: Investigation of the effect of Co addition and calcination temperature

A series of CoPd/KIT-6 bimetallic catalysts with various Co:Pd molar ratios at different calcination temperatures were prepared and used for the direct synthesis of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> from H<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>. Among these catalysts, CoPd/KIT-6 calcined at 350 °C (CoPd/KIT-350 catalyst) showed the best catalytic activity with 50% of H<sub>2</sub>O<sub>2</sub> selectivity and 51% conversion of H<sub>2</sub>.



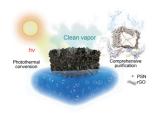
## Bimetallic AgNi nanoparticles anchored onto MOF-derived nitrogen-doped carbon nanostrips for efficient hydrogen evolution

A vermicelli-like N-doped porous carbon nanomaterials uniformly coated with well-proportioned bimetallic AgNi alloys (AgNi/NC-X) has been obtained by a facile and valid MOF-assisted self-sacrificing template tactics, which can be the effective electrocatalysts for HER both in acidic and alkaline media.



## Polysulfide nanoparticles-reduced graphene oxide composite aerogel for efficient solar-driven water purification

An ideal mercury-removal platform, PSNs, was first introduced to fabricate PSN-functionalized rGO aerogel for multifunctional solar-driven water purification. This rationally designed evaporator with comprehensive purification performance of ions achieved a high evaporation rate of 1.55 kg m<sup>-2</sup> h<sup>-1</sup> with 90.8% energy efficiency under 1 sun.



# Mechanochemical synthesis of oxygenated alkynyl carbon materials with excellent Hg(II) adsorption performance from CaC<sub>2</sub> and carbonates

OACMs is synthesized via mechnaochemical reaction of CaC<sub>2</sub> and a carbonate, which may be used for heavy metal ions adsorption and CO<sub>2</sub> utilization.



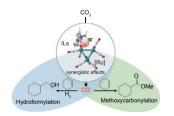
# High piezo/photocatalytic efficiency of $Ag/Bi_5O_7I$ nanocomposite using mechanical and solar energy for $N_2$ fixation and methyl orange degradation

 $Ag/Bi_5O_7I$  nanocomposites were prepared by a combination of hydrothermal and photodeposition methods, and were used for the first time in piezo-photocatalytic reduction of  $N_2$  to  $NH_3$ .



# Mechanism of $CO_2$ reduction in carbonylation reaction promoted by ionic liquid additives: A computational and experimental study

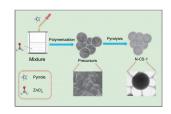
The anion and cation synergistic effect of ionic liquids promotes Ru -catalyzed carbonylation of olefins with  $CO_2$ . The proton ionic liquid BmimCl bearing C-H functionality at the  $C^2$  site of the cation assists the reduction rate of  $CO_2$  to CO as a hydrogen donor medium.



#### Micropores regulating enables advanced carbon sphere catalyst for Zn-air batteries

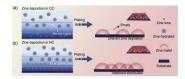
Jingsha Li<sup>1</sup>, Shijie Yi<sup>1</sup>, Ranjusha Rajagopalan, Zejie Zhang, Yougen Tang\*, Haiyan Wang\*...... 308

N-doped carbon spherical material (N-CS) with abundant microporous structure have been fabricated by the polymerization of pyrrole and formaldehyde and followed by a facile pyrolysis process. The resultant N-CS demonstrated more excellent catalytic activity and durability than commercial 20 wt% Pt/C catalyst in alkaline media and the home-made Zn-air batteries.



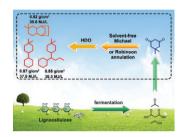
Manipulating the ion-transference and deposition kinetics by regulating the surface chemistry of zinc metal anodes for rechargeable zinc-air batteries

The N-doped carbon cloth (NC) prepared via magnetron sputtering is explored as the substrate to induce the uniform nucleation of zinc metal and suppress dendrite growth.



High tension cyclic hydrocarbons synthesized from biomass-derived platform molecules for aviation fuels in two steps

A series of high tension cyclic hydrocarbons were synthesized from biomass-derived platform molecules in two steps with high yields up to 90%. These new biofuels contain linked-ring structures, fused-ring structures, and bridged-ring structures alkanes, which exhibit high VNHOC of 38.6 MJ L<sup>-1</sup> and high density of 0.88 g cm<sup>-3</sup>. They are close to the fuel properties of the best artificial fuel JP-10 (39.6 MJ L<sup>-1</sup> and 0.94 g cm<sup>-3</sup>). The results demonstrate a promising way for the synthesis of high-density aviation fuels with different fuel properties at high yields.



Techno-economic assessment of a chemical looping splitting system for  $H_2$  and CO Cogeneration

A chemical looping splitting system is proposed for H<sub>2</sub> and CO cogeneration, with theoretically zero emissions. The proposed process's heat integration can be achieved by circulating hot oxygen carriers, and an economically feasible was demonstrated.

